



ESTES INDUSTRIES 1295 H STREET PENROSE, CO 81240 USA

ET, SRB, OMS-Abbreviations like these tell the story of a transportation system for a new era in space. This is the age of the Space Shuttle, the system that gives America a true operational capability in space.

The key is the reusable Orbiter. This delta-winged, airliner-sized vehicle, flown by a crew of three, is designed to carry payloads--up to 65,000 pounds into orbit and up to 32,000 pounds from orbit to Earth.

The Orbiter is carried aloft by two 2.65 million pound thrust Solid Rocket Boosters (SRB) and its own three 375,000 pound thrust main engines which use propellant from the External Tank (ET). The SRB motors drop off after using up their fuel and parachute down for recovery and reuse. The main engines continue to burn until just before orbital velocity is reached. The ET is jettisoned to re-enter and burn up. The Orbiter's Orbital Maneuvering System (OMS) engines provide the needed kick to enter orbit. The OMS engines are fired again to slow the spacecraft for re-entry. Typical missions will remain in orbit for seven days, but longer missions are possible.

Re-entry is made into the atmosphere at a high angle of attack. At low altitude, the Orbiter goes into an aircraft-type approach and landing. The Orbiter is then towed to a hanger to be prepared for another flight.

Satellites, manned laboratories, telescopes and countless other scientific packages will be carried into orbit by the Shuttle. Coming back the Shuttle may bring a satellite needing repair, or its cargo may be super precision ball bearings, electronic components, or vaccines--products made possible only by space manufacturing techniques. The real payload from the Space Shuttle, though, will be knowledge--and a chance for a better life for Earth's people through that knowledge.

MODEL NOTE: Your Space Shuttle kit is a precision 1/162 scale model of America's manned launch vehicle for the 1980's. Because the "real" Space Shuttle employs complex electro-mechanical systems for guidance and stability, your model requires added fin area for safe flying. Auxiliary fin units are provided in the kit: DO NOT ATTEMPT to fly your model without the fin units or without the Orbiter (glider).

The booster portion of your model returns by parachute. When the parachute ejects the booster slows abruptly. This automatically releases the Orbiter for a glide return.

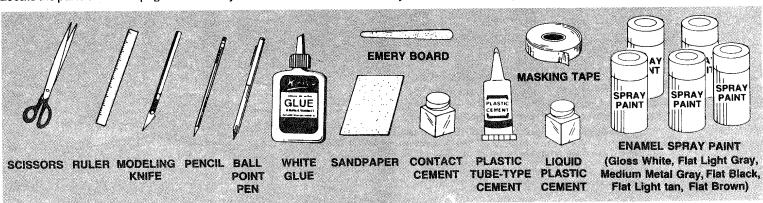
SKILL LEVEL 4—This Kit is Recommended For Master Modelers

## **ASSEMBLY TIP**

Read all instructions before beginning work on your model. Make sure you have all parts and supplies. Test-fit all parts together before applying any glue. If any parts don't fit properly, sand as required for precision assembly.

### PARTS AND SUPPLIES

Locate the parts shown on page 8 & 9 and lay them out on the table in front of you. In addition to the parts included in the kit you will also need:



#### **IMPORTANT:**

Read all instructions before beginning work on your Space Shuttle scale model. When you are thoroughly familiar with the way the model goes together, begin construction. Check off each step as you complete it. Pay extra attention to the three special instructions below:

A. Trim any "flash" or gate marks from the injection molded plastic parts. Wash all plastic parts in mild soapy water, rinse thoroughly and dry with a clean towel. Avoid unnecessary handling of the plastic parts after washing to keep dirt and skin oils from interfering with cement joints and paint finish.

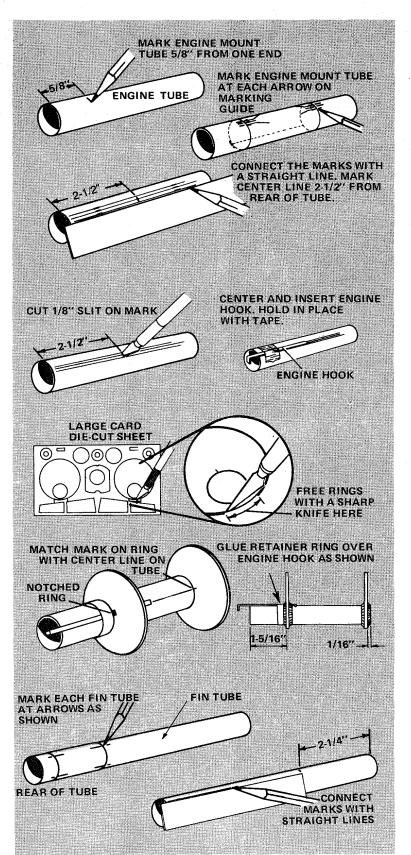
#### **BOOSTER ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1 Mark the engine mount tube (part E) 5/8" from one end. (This end will be the <u>rear</u> of the tube.) Cut out the engine mount marking guide from the pattern sheet (part F). Wrap it around the engine mount tube so the seam in the guide is next to the mark on the tube. Mark the tube at each arrow point. Draw a straight line connecting each matching front and rear mark. Extend the center line the entire length of the tube. Mark the center line 2-1/2" from the <u>rear</u> of the tube.
- 2 Cut a 1/8" long slit in the engine mount tube on the mark, 2-1/2" from the rear of the tube as shown. Insert one end of the engine hook (part G) into the slit and position the hook on the tube, centered between the hook guide marks. Hold the hook in place temporarily with a piece of masking tape near the rear.

3 3

- Carefully separate the large rings from the large die-cut card (parts C1 and C2). Use a sharp knife to free the edges. Cut completely through the outer circle, exactly on the score line, next to the inner circle. Position and glue the ring with the engine hook cut-out (notch) so it is centered on the engine hook and is 1-5/16" from the rear of the engine mount tube. Position and glue the other ring 1/16" from the front of the engine mount tube so the alignment mark on the ring exactly matches the center line on the tube. Glue the retainer ring (part H) over the tube and against the rear ring as shown.
- Cut out the fin tube marking guide from the pattern sheet. Wrap it around a fin tube (part I) at one end and mark the tube at each arrow point. (The marked end of the tube will be the rear.) Draw a straight line connecting each pair of matching marks. Mark the tube 2-1/4" from the opposite end. Repeat these steps for the other fin tube.

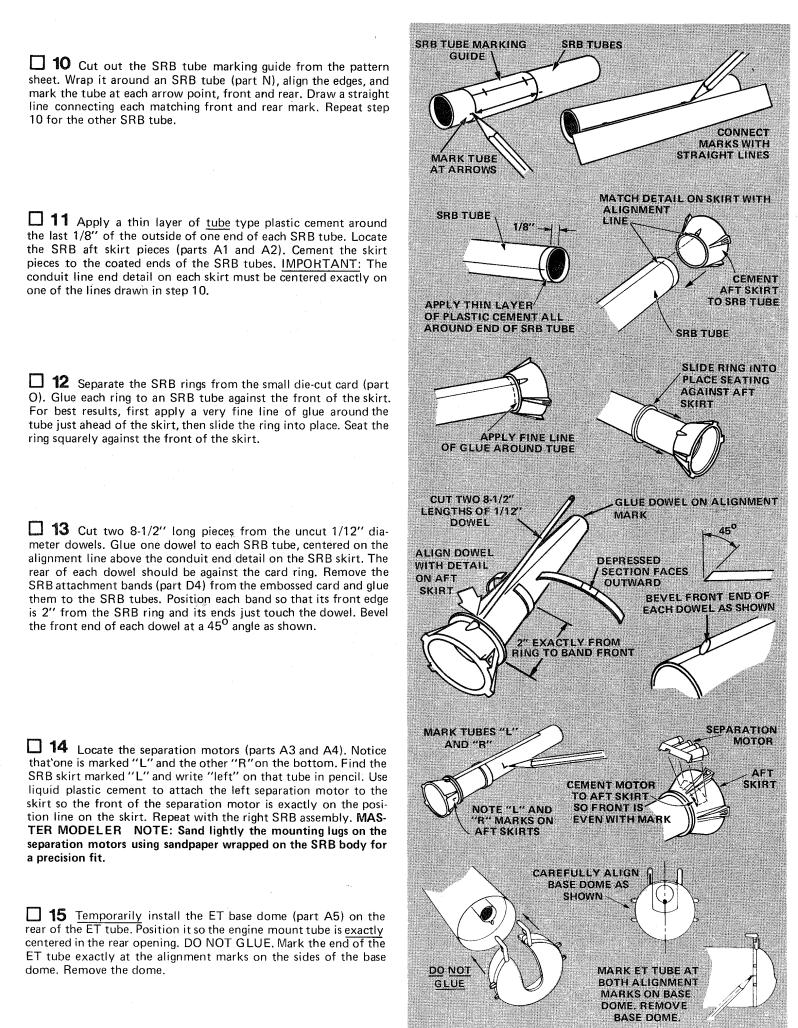
- B. Test fit the parts together in each step before you apply any glue. In this way, should some part not fit perfectly, you can build up or sand down as appropriate for a precision fit and a perfect model.
- C. Pay special attention to the type of glue, cement or adhesive called for in each step. Glue refers to white glue or aliphatic resin glue. Adhesive refers to the contact adhesive. Cement refers to styrene model plastic cement, both liquid and "tube-type" varieties. Make sure you use the exact material specified in each step.



Carefully separate the two cap discs (part C3) from the **GLUE ONE CENTERING RING NEXT TO** large die-cut card sheet. Glue one disc centered on the rear end of MARK ON EACH FIN TUBE each fin tube. Glue a centering ring (part J) on each fin tube with **GLUE ONE** the ring's rear on the mark, 2-1/4" from the front of the tube as CAP DISC TO shown. Glue the remaining centering rings on the fin tubes with THE REAR OF EACH CENTERING RING ON their front edges even. EACH FIN TUBE EVEN WITH END OF TUBE TUBE CAREFULLY CUT **OUT FINS** ∐6 Carefully cut out the fins from the pre-printed fin sheet (part K). Use an extra-sharp knife and a metal straight-edge to guide the knife. Make the cross-grain cuts first, then the outer **FIN SHEET** edge cuts, and finally the angled cuts between fins. Use extra-fine sandpaper to round the leading (slanted) edge of each fin. Sand the other edges smooth and square. Smooth the sides of the fins. LEADING EDGE EDGI SAND LEADING **EDGE** ROUND RUB SMALL AMOUNT OF GLUE INTO ROOT EDGE OF EACH FIN GLUE FINS NEXT TO Glue the fins to the fin tubes using the lines drawn in step ALIGNMENT LINE 4 as a guide. Apply glue to the root edge of each fin and rub the glue into the wood. Apply another line of glue to the root of each fin and position the fins on the fin tubes with the left edge of each fin next to the alignment line. The rear of each fin should be even with the rear of the cap disc. Check to be sure the fins project straight out from the tube and support the assemblies on their STAND UNIT ends while the glue dries. ON END TO DRY CUT FOUR 3-1/8" LENGTHS OF 1/12" DOWEL 3-1/8"-Cut three pieces, each 3-1/8" long, from one 12" long X 1/12" diameter dowel (part L). Cut another 3-1/8" long piece from one end of another 1/12" dowel and save the rest of this dowel for use in step 35. Glue the dowel pieces to the rear edges of **GLUE DOWELS TO** the fins and to the cap discs on the tubes as shown. **REAR OF FINS AS SHOWN** SAND AWAY BURRS ON INSIDE OF ET BODY TUBE EDGES, THEN SLIDE ENGINE **ET TUBE** MOUNT INTO PLACE Install the engine mount assembly in the ET body tube APPLY GLUE FILLET ALL (part M) after first sanding away any burrs on the inside of the ET AROUND tube ends. Carefully slide the mount into one end of the tube until JOINT the rear mark on the engine mount tube is even with the end of the ET body tube (5/8" of the engine mount tube will project from the FRONT REAR ET). Without disturbing the engine mount, apply a line of glue to REAR cover the joint between the rear ring and the ET tube all the way around. Use one end of an uncut 1/12" dowel to help spread the APPLY GLUE alue. Apply glue to the joint between the front ring and the ET FILLET ALL body in the same way and set the assembly on its front end while AROUND the glue dries. JOINT SET UNIT

FRONT

ASIDE TO DRY



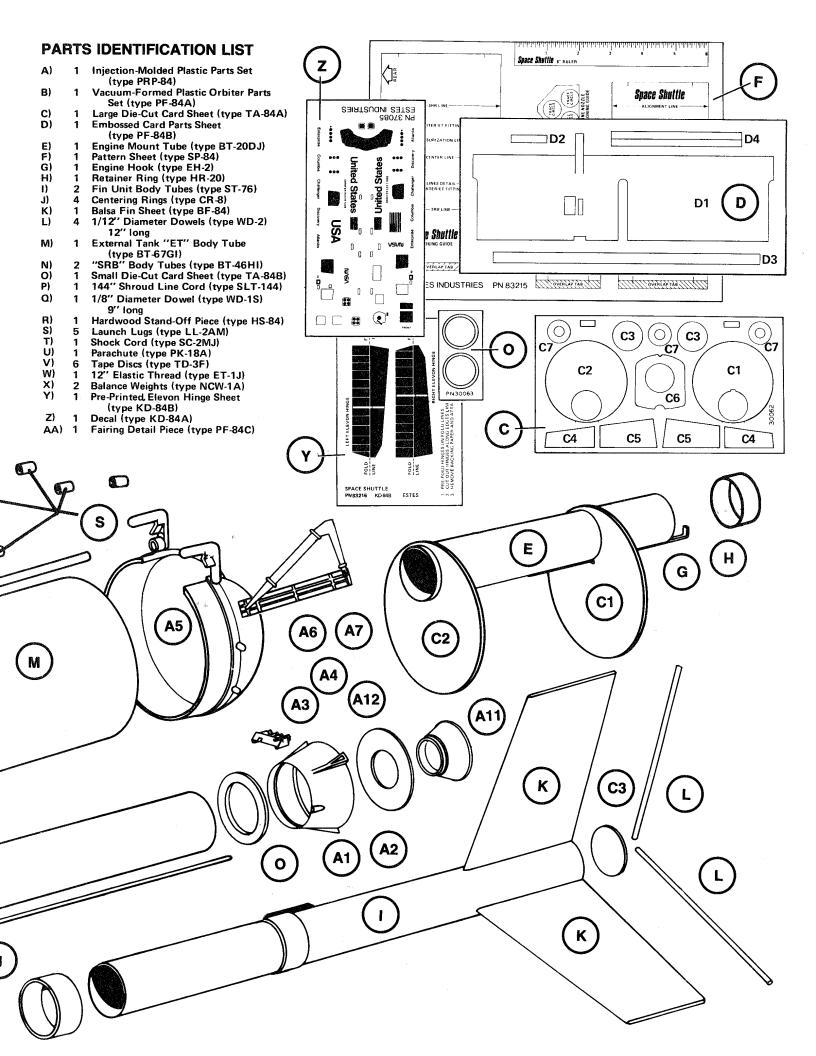
MARK ET TURE AT EACH ARROW 16 Cut out the ET tube marking guide from the pattern sheet. Wrap it around the ET tube, matching precisely the SRB arrows with the marks made in step 15. Mark the tube at each arrow point, front and rear. Remove the guide and draw a straight **CONNECT MARKS WITH** line connecting each matching front and rear mark. Copy (in STRAIGHT LINES THE pencil) the identification of each line from the guide to the tube. LENGTH OF THE TUBE MATCH MARKS FROM STEP 15 WITH SRB ARROWS 17 Carefully separate the ET wrap (part D1) from the em-**GLUE STIFFENER** TO BACK OF WRAP bossed card sheet. Use a sharp knife to free all edges including D١ the two rectangular openings. Separate the rectangular detail stiffener (part D2) and glue it in place beneath the protruding ET detail as shown. Cut the border of the plastic fairing detail piece (part PART AA AA) to size as shown. Apply a line of plastic cement around the piece's border and press into place through the back of the ET wrap as illustrated. Cut a 7" length from one end of the shroud CORD TO ET line cord (part P). Pass one end of the cord through the small BACK hole in the ET wrap so that 1/4" protrudes from the back side. Apply a small drop of glue to the cord and press it down and forward, onto the back of the ET wrap as shown. ET WRAP EVEN WITH LEFT SRB LINE 18 Starting with one end of the ET wrap placed against the left SRB line on the ET body, position the wrap around the front of the ET body so the projecting line detail is even with the front of the tube. When the wrap is in exactly the correct position, mark all around its edges as shown, then remove the wrap. NOTE: FORWARD FRONT OF ET TUBE THEN REMOVE 19 Apply a line of glue to the back of the ET wrap starting at the left SRB end and continuing for about 1" along the sides. Refer to the illustration. Be sure to keep the glue line about 1/8" in from the edges. Carefully position the edge of the wrap against the left SRB line and using the outline drawn in step 17 as a position guide, press the wrap into place. Hold the wrap in this position for about one minute until the glue sets. Then carefully apply two more short lengths of glue behind the ET wrap and press CONTINUE GLUING ET WRAP this portion into place. Repeat this procedure until the ET wrap AFTER GLUE ON FIRST PART OF WRAP HAS SET is completely bonded all around the ET tube. APPLY WHITE GLUE TO UNDERSIDE OF ET LINE DETA 20 Separate the ET lines detail piece (part D3) from the embossed card sheet. Apply a thin layer of glue to its back side. Notice the corresponding line detail on the ET wrap. Position the lines detail piece so it matches and extends the detail on the wrap and press it into place using the guide lines on the tube to be sure it is straight. GLUE THE LINES DETAIL PIECE TO THE ET TUBE USING THE ALIGNMENT LINES

**PULL CORD TIGHT** PRESSURIZATION AND SLIP INTO LINE MARK THE SLOT  $\square$  21 Cut a 1/16" long slit in the rear end of the body tube at the pressurization line mark as shown. Pull the cord (attached to the ET wrap) tightly into the slit. (But don't pull so hard you pull the cord loose from the wrap.) Secure with glue. When glue is dry, cut off the excess line inside the body tube. MASTER MODELER NOTE: Clear butyrate dope, applied carefully with a very fine 111111 brush, will anchor the cord to the body tube and seal the cord so it takes paint well. **CUT 1/16'** LONG SLOT ON APPLY DAB OF GLUE TO PRESSURIZATION LINE MARK HOLD LINE **22** Cement the ET base dome in place on the rear of the ET. First, smear a thin layer of tube-type plastic cement around the inside of the tube over an area extending 1/4" in. Carefully align the small SRB line marks on the dome with the SRB lines on the body and press the dome into place. (Note: Precise alignment is important.) ALIGN MARKS ON BASE **CEMENT ET BASE DOME** DOME WITH LEFT AND IN ET TUBE USING TUBE-RIGHT SRB LINES ON TYPE PLASTIC CEMENT **ET TUBE** ■ 23 Install the molded plastic Orbiter/ET fittings (parts A6) and A7). Notice that one is for the left side and the other for the right. Test-fit the parts, then use tube-type plastic cement to attach them to the ET base dome and the ET body as shown. Use the alignment lines on the body to be sure the flat plates on the fittings are straight on the body. CEMENT ET FITTINGS TO ET TUBE AND **BASE DOME** 2 MARK 1/8" DOWEL EVEN WITH REAR THIT 1/8" DOWEL OF OXYGEN FEED LINE FITTING 24 Cut a 1-7/16" long piece from the 1/8" diameter dowel **INTO BASE DOME** 3 THEN CUT DOWEL AT (part R) and save it for later use. Fit one end of the remaining SOCKET MARK AND GLUE INTO dowel into the socket in the ET base dome. Mark the point on the PLACE dowel where it just reaches the rear of the oxygen feed line fitting SOCKET on the ET wrap. Remove the dowel and cut it "square" at the mark. Glue the dowel in place. OXYGEN FEED LINE FITTING STAND-OFF **25** Glue the 1-7/16" long piece of dowel cut in step 24 to the stand-off piece (part R) as shown. Mark the center line on the ET body 4-3/8" from the rear of the tube. Glue the dowel/stand-off assembly to the ET body so the front of the stand-off is on the 4.3/8" mark and the stand-off is centered on the line. **GLUE STAND-OFF TO** ET CENTER LINE

GLUE TWO LAUNCH LUG **SPACERS NEXT TO** FEED LINES ☐ 26 Glue the two small launch lug spacers from the die-cut card to the ET tube next to the oxygen feed line. Glue one so that its front edge is 4-1/4" from the rear of the ET tube. Glue the other one so it is even with the rear of the ET tube. Glue two of the launch lugs (part S) NEXT to the launch lug guides as shown. FEED LINE GLUE TWO LAUNCH OXY **LUGS AS SHOWN SRB LOCATION LINE** MARK THE INSIDE OF THE SRB TUBES 27 Mark the SRB location lines on the ET body tube 1-1/8" TO MATCH OUTSIDE behind the front of the ET body on both sides of the tube. Mark **GUIDE LINES** the inside of each SRB body at the front exactly in line with the unused guide line on the outside of the tube. Do this by marking UNUSED the end of the tube first, then use this mark as a guide to mark the SRB GUIDE inside. Mark the inside of the ET body in line with the SRB loca-BODY tion lines on both sides in the same way. APPLY GLIJE EFT SRB **BACK FROM 28** Glue the SRB assemblies to the ET body. First apply a THIS MARK line of glue to the ET body along the left SRB position line from the mark (1-1/8" from the front) to the rear of the tube. Carefully POSITION position the left SRB assembly, starting with the front as illus-FRONT OF trated. Holding the front in place, press the SRB into position so **TUBE EVEN** the alignment mark on the ET base dome matches the line on the WITH MARK THEN PRESS SRB SRB tube. Make certain that the alignment mark made inside of **TUBE INTO** the SRB tube in step 27 is exactly in line with the SRB position line. Check alignment by sighting across the tops of the tubes as POSITION USING ALIGNMENT MARKS. shown. Attach the right SRB in the same way. Set the assembly on its nose until the glue dries. CHECK SRB ALIGNMENT AT BASE DOME SIGHT ACROSS TOP TO CHECK ALIGNMENT CEMENT SRB NOSE SRB TUBES CONES INTO PLACE USING TUBE-TYPE 29 Smear a thin layer of tube-type plastic cement around PLASTIC CEMENT the inside of an SRB tube to cover an area extending 1/4" into the tube. Immediately insert an SRB nose cone (part A8) and press into place so the cone seats evenly in the end of the tube. Repeat with the other nose cone. Be careful to not disturb the alignment of the tubes. **APPLY GLUE TO** SECOND SECTION AND FOLD 30 Cut out the shock cord mount from the pattern sheet. Crease it on the dotted lines by folding. Spread glue on the first section (1) and lay the end of the shock cord (part T) into the glue. Fold over and apply glue to the back of the first section and TO FIRST SECTION: the exposed part of section 2. Clamp the unit together with your THEN POSITION SHOCK fingers until the glue sets.

**CORD AND FOLD** 



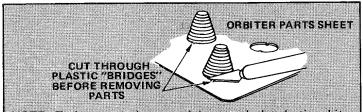


**31** Apply glue to the inside of the ET body tube at the front SPREAD GLUE INSIDE TUBE, PRESS MOUNT ONTO GLUE over an area about 1" to 2" from the end. The glued area should be the same size as the shock cord mount. Press the mount into SET BACK AT LEAST 1 TO ALLOW FOR the glue as shown and hold it until the glue sets. NOSE CONE Using liquid plastic cement, join the two halves of the ET nose cone (parts A9 and A10). Apply the cement carefully so none will show on the outside of the part. Fit the parts together so the USE LIQUID PLASTIC pins on the one half fit into the holes in the other half. Tape the CEMENT TO CEMENT halves together while the cement dries. NOSE CONE HALVES TOGETHER TAPE DISC SHROUD LINE 33 Cut out the parachute (part U) on its edge lines. Cut three 35" lengths of shroud line (part P). Attach line ends to the PARACHUTE top of the parachute with tape discs (part V) as shown. Pass the shroud line loops through the ring on the nose cone. Pass the parachute through the loop ends and draw the lines tight against the ring. Set the knot with a drop of glue. Tie the free end of the shock cord to the nose cone. (Save the unused shroud line for step 37.) HROUGH LOOP TIE SHOCK PULL TIGHT CORD TO NOSE CONE 34 Using liquid plastic cement, join a dummy nozzle (part A11) to a thermal curtain ring (part A12). The nozzle plugs into CUT AWA the contoured side of the thermal curtain. Repeat with the other A12 ring and nozzle. When the cement on these assemblies is dry they can be snapped into place in the rear of the SRB skirts for display. DO NOT GLUE CURTAIN TO SKIRT For flight you will remove them and install the fin assemblies in their place. ORBITER ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS LEVON HORN MARK CENTER OF DOWEL ☐ 35 Cut a 7-3/16" long section from the small (1/12" diameter) dowel saved from step 8. Slide the plastic elevon horn (part A13) onto one end of the dowel. The horn should fit snugly on the dowel. If the fit is too tight so the horn won't slide along the dowel, sand the dowel with fine sandpaper for a proper fit. Measure PLASTIC TUBE-TYPE CEMENT 3-19/32" from one end and mark the dowel (at its center). Apply a line of tube-type plastic cement around the dowel at the mark. Slide the horn along the dowel and onto the cement. Center the 1/12"x7-3/16" LONG DOWEL horn over the mark on the dowel. CENTER HORN OVER CEMENT A DOWEL CENTER

36 Lay the elevon horn/dowel assembly on its side on a flat working surface. Remove one small die-cut elevon section (part C4) from the die-cut card sheet. Apply a line of glue along the edge illustrated. Attach the elevon section to the dowel, exactly even with the end as shown above. The elevon section should project straight up from your working surface. Carefully wipe away any excess glue. Hold the elevon section in place until the glue "sets".

Remove the next larger elevon section (part C5) from the card. Apply glue to the edge shown. Glue this piece to the dowel, 1/16" away from the smaller section. IMPORTANT: BOTH ELEVON SECTIONS MUST BE EXACTLY IN LINE WITH EACH OTHER. Hold the section in place until the glue sets. Follow the same procedure to glue the two remaining elevon sections to the other end of the dowel assembly. ALL ELEVON SECTIONS MUST BE EXACTLY IN LINE WITH EACH OTHER. Check alignment during assembly with the edge of a ruler.

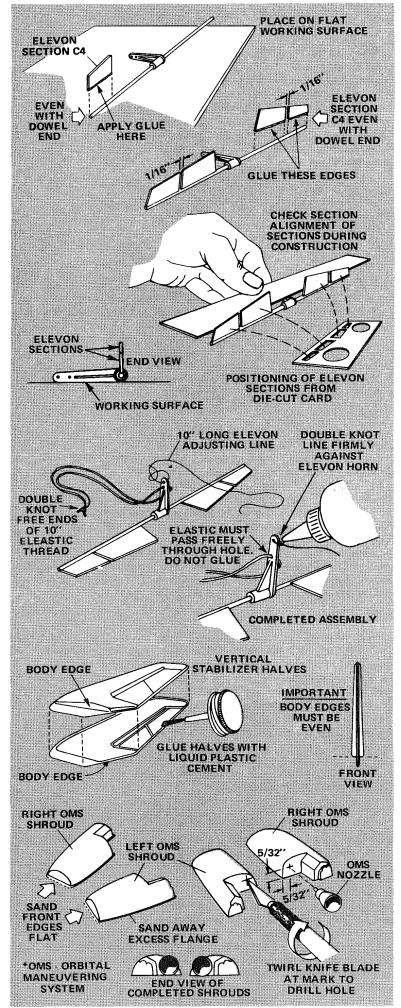
S7 Cut a 10" length of shroud line from the remaining shroud line cord. Pass one end of the line through the hole at the very end of the elevon horn. Tie a double knot. Apply a dab of glue to hold the knot. Cut a 10" length from the elastic thread (part W). Pass one end of the elastic thread through the other horn hole. Tie the free ends of the elastic thread together in a double knot. Set the elevon assembly aside to dry completely.



NOTE: To insure good cement joints, wash the plastic orbiter parts as directed in pre-assembly step A. Do not attempt to pull the plastic parts directly from the sheet when separating them. Use a modeling knife to cut through each small plastic "finger" or bridge holding the part. This prevents accidentally tearing the plastic parts.

B2) from the orbiter parts sheet. Apply a line of <u>liquid</u> plastic cement around the inside edge of one stabilizer half. Join the two halves and align carefully. Be sure that both body edges are even and parallel. Hold the halves together with short strips of masking tape as required until the assembly is dry.

139 Remove both OMS shroud pieces (parts B3 and B4) from the plastic sheet. Carefully sand away the excess plastic flange surrounding the shrouds. Sand the front edge of each shroud piece until it is flat. Mark the rear of each OMS shroud as shown. Drill a hole at each mark just large enough for the pin on the plastic OMS nozzle (part A14) to fit through. Use plastic cement to attach one nozzle to each shroud piece. Place the assembled units on a flat surface until the cement is dry.



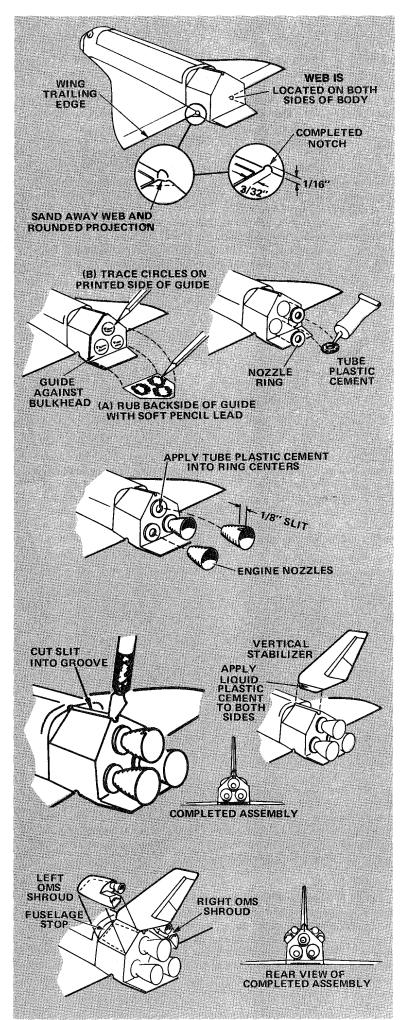
40 Remove the fuselage top (part B5) from the Orbiter parts sheet. Sand away the web of plastic material located at the joint between the wing trailing edge and fuselage body, on both sides of the fuselage. An emery board or suitable modeling file is recommended. The wing trailing edge should meet the body side squarely. Carefully continue sanding until you have shaped a half-round notch in both sides of the fuselage body edge. The notch should be approximately 3/32" wide, 1/16" deep, and just rearward of the wing trailing edge.

41 Cut out the engine nozzle positioning guide from the pattern sheet. Rub the backside of the guide with a soft pencil lead. Place the guide against the fuselage bulkhead (pre-printed side facing out) as shown. Hold the guide in place and firmly trace the three nozzle locating circles. Remove the guide and apply tube-type plastic cement to the flat side of one die-cut nozzle ring. Cement the ring to the fuselage bulkhead, centering it on one of the traced circles. Cement the remaining nozzle rings into place on the fuselage bulkhead.

42 Remove the three engine nozzles (part B6) from the Orbiter parts sheet. Sand away any excess plastic flange from around the large nozzle openings. Using scissors or a modeling knife, cut a 1/8" long slit into one of the nozzles as illustrated. Do this to one nozzle only. Smear tube-type plastic cement onto the exposed plastic in the center of the nozzle ring located at the top of the fuselage. Press the small end of the nozzle with the 1/8" slit into the ring center until it seats firmly against the bulkhead. Position the 1/8" slit at the top of the model, in line with the center of the fuselage body. Cement the remaining nozzles to the bulkhead in the same manner. All nozzles should project straight away from the fuselage bulkhead.

43 Sand away any excess flange from the seam of the vertical stabilizer. DO NOT remove the large flange from the body edge. Cut a slit into the fuselage groove at the rear of the body. Center the slit as best as you can along the entire groove length. Test fit the stabilizer into the groove slit. The stabilizer body edges should seat firmly against the top of the fuselage. Apply liquid type plastic cement to the stabilizer body edges and press the stabilizer into place. IMPORTANT: The stabilizer must project straight up from the fuselage body and be directly in line with the detail line running along the top of the fuselage. Incorrect stabilizer alignment may cause excessive right or left turn during the model's glide return.

Apply liquid type plastic cement to the front edge of the left OMS shroud (part B3). Also brush cement along those portions of the bottom edge which will contact the sloped surface at the rear of the fuselage. Seat the front of the OMS shroud squarely against the fuselage stop on the left-hand side of the body. Center the sides of the OMS shroud on the sloped fuselage surface. Additional liquid cement may be carefully brushed into the shroud/fuselage joint if necessary to hold the shroud securely. Cement the right OMS shroud (part B4) assembly to the right side of the fuselage in the same manner. Be careful to avoid accidentally reversing the left and right hand shroud positions. The small plastic OMS nozzles should be next to the vertical stabilizer. Refer to the rear view illustration.



45 Drill a 3/16" diameter hole through the fuselage bulkhead in the center of the top engine nozzle. Remove the forward fuselage bulkhead from the large die-cut card sheet and discard the center disc. Apply tube-type plastic cement to the rounded edge and straight sides. Insert the bulkhead squarely into the body as shown, approximately 2-1/4" from the front of the fuselage. Press the bulkhead into place firmly against the fuselage top. Squeeze the fuselage sides against the bulkhead until the plastic cement "sets".

46 Drill a 1/32" diameter hole into the dimple at the front of the fuselage. Place the elevon assembly into the fuselage body as shown. Pass the knotted end of the elastic thread loop through the forward bulkhead opening and then through the tiny hole in the dimple. Make certain that the knot is pulled into the nose dimple. Apply a drop of white glue to the knot to hold it. Pass the free end of the shroud line thread through the opening in the rear body bulkhead.

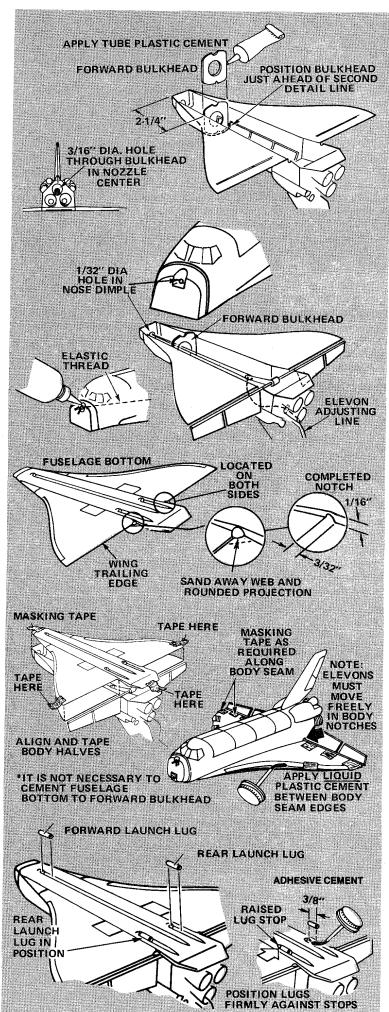
47 Remove the fuselage bottom (part B7) from the Orbiter parts sheet. Sand away the web of plastic material located at the joint of the wing trailing edge and fuselage body on both sides of the fuselage. Follow the same procedure as in step 40 to shape a half-round notch in each side of the fuselage as shown. The notch should be approximately 3/32" wide, 1/16" deep and just rearward of the wing trailing edge.

48 Carefully align both Orbiter body halves. Use masking tape to hold both wingtips, nose and tail section together as illustrated. Check to be sure that all body half edges meet evenly. The elevon dowel must be able to move freely in the fuselage notches. If necessary, enlarge the notches.

Beginning at one wingtip, brush liquid plastic cement onto both body seam edges and press them together. Apply cement along the body seam for a distance of 2 or 3 inches at a time. Use short strips of masking tape to hold the glued edges together. Continue cementing in short sections until you have completed the entire Orbiter body seam. Be careful to avoid getting any cement

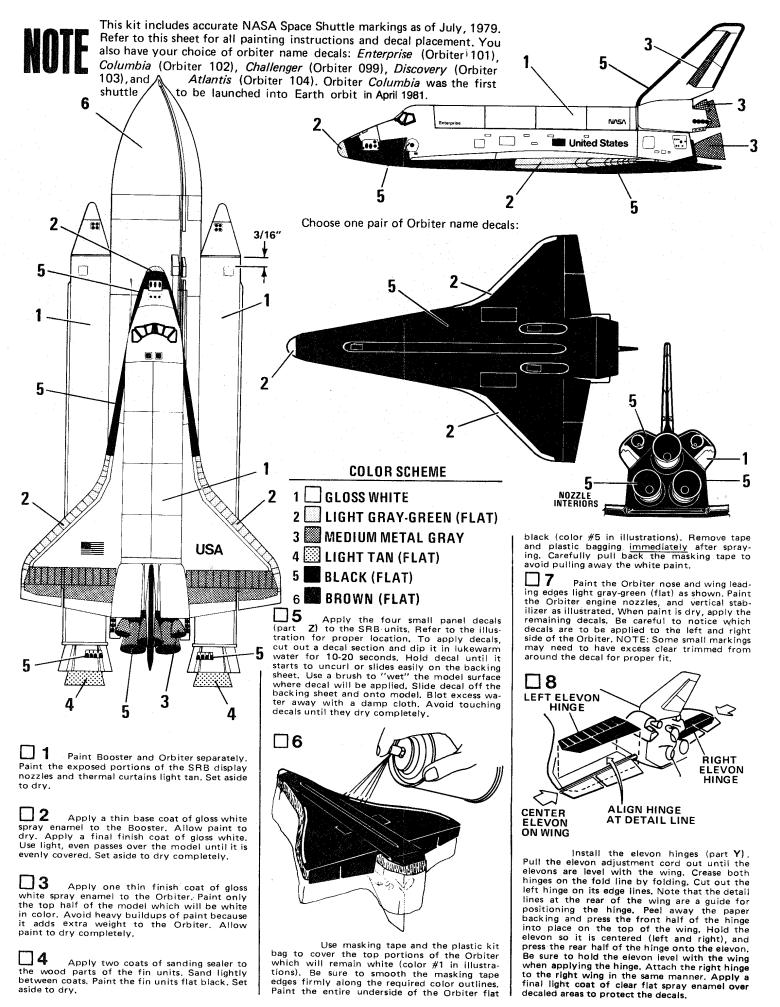
on the elevon dowel.

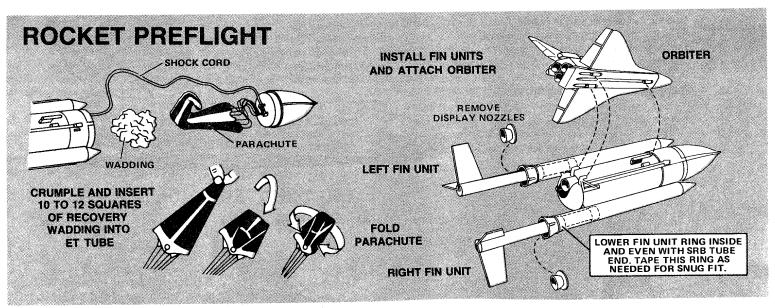
49 Apply contact adhesive cement along the sides and bottom of the three lug grooves. Cover an area extending 3/8" rearward from the raised lug stops. Position each remaining launch lug (part S) against a raised lug stop as shown and press it firmly into the adhesive. Spread a light coat of white glue over the exposed portions of the lugs to protect them from landing damage.

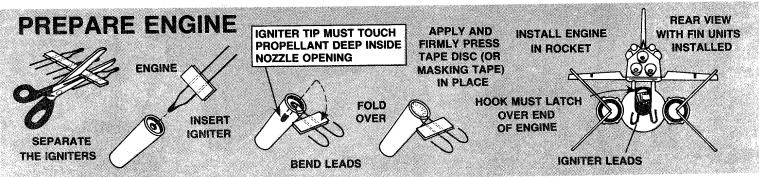


50 Using a ball point pen, draw a straight, heavy line around EMERY BOARD the base edge of the Orbiter nose cap (part B8). Remove the nose NOSE CAP BALL POINT cap from the parts sheet. Holding the nose cap as shown, use an TRACE **EXCESS FLANGE** emery board or sanding block to remove the base edge flange. AROUND WILL BREAK AWAY AS YOU SAND Sand back and forth across the base edge until the flange breaks BASE EDGE cleanly away. Do not sand into the nose cap beyond the ball point pen line. 1-1/4 BALANCE WEIGHT 51 Sand away the excess shoulder seam at the Orbiter nose. Test fit the nose cap onto the Orbiter. The sides of the nose cap SHOULDER should fit even with the matching sides of the Orbiter nose. Sand the nose cap edge as required until it fits evenly and squarely against TAPE ON the nose shoulder stop. Place one and one-fourth balance weights NOSE BOTH SIDES SAND OFF EXCESS SEAM (part X) into the very tip end of the nose cap. Balance weights DO NOT WADDING OR HERE, ON BOTH SIDES CEMENT can easily be cut with heavy-duty scissors. Pack 1 or 2 squares of parachute recovery wadding or cotton into the rest of the nose cap to hold the balance weights as far forward as possible. Temporarily tape the nose cap into place. **ELEVON** ☐ 52 Hold the Orbiter in one hand and pull the elevon shroud PULL LINE REARWARD line rearward. Notice the movement of the elevon assembly as you TO LOWER ELEVONS do this. Pull the line rearward until the elevon sections are level 3" LONG ELEVON ADJUSTING LINE with the wings. Slip the elevon line into the nozzle notch to hold it. Cut off the excess line 3" from the notch. Note: Finish and paint the Shuttle Orbiter as shown on page SECURE LINE IN NOTCH TO HOLD ELEVONS 15 before proceeding to step 53. BALANCE STRING □ 53 Lightly mark the Orbiter top with pencil, 2-11/16" rearward from the forward cargo door detail line. Tape a length of FORWARD string exactly on the mark as shown. Suspend the model from a DOOR LINE suitable stationary object. (For best results, do not hand-hold the NOSE UP string.) When the model is hanging motionless it should be per-ADD WEIGHT fectly level for correct balance position. If the Orbiter hangs with its nose slightly downwards, remove a small amount of balance weight from the nose cap. If the model hangs slightly nose upwards, add more balance weight to the nose cap. When you have completed balancing your model and it hangs perfectly level, use CORRECT liquid plastic cement to permanently attach the nose cap. BALANCE MARK NOSE DOWN REMOVE WEIGHT FLIGHT TRIMMING Your Space Shuttle Orbiter model is designed to glide correctly the first time if it is balanced and trimmed according to the instructions. STALL-ELEVON TOO HIGH For best results, however, watch the Orbiter carefully on each flight as it descends after separation from the booster. **ORBITER SEPARATES** FROM ET BOOSTER The Orbiter relies on the position of the elevon to make it glide. If the elevon is set too high, the glider will "stall" in flight (see illustrations). If the elevon is set too low the model will fly too steeply and too fast. Careful adjustments to prevent either of these are important. For your first Shuttle launch, adjust the elevon angle so that the trailing edge of elevon section C5 is 3/16" above the body seam line as shown. STEEP TURN ELEVON TOO HIGH ON ONE SIDE OF MODEL To change the angle of the elevon, pull the string loose from the nozzle, raise or lower the elevon as necessary, and re-insert the string in SPIN-ELEVON MUCH TOO HIGH the nozzle. IMPORTANT: Lowering the elevon corrects stalling while raising the elevon corrects diving. NEVER change the elevon angle more than 3 degrees at a time while trimming for proper glide. More trimming could over-correct the problem and make the Orbiter fly CORRECT GLIDE DIVE-ELEVON poorly. TOO LOW If the Orbiter turns too sharply, forming a steep spiral turn, one of the elevons may be positioned higher than the other. A sharp left turn is caused by the left elevon (viewed from the rear) being higher than the right. A sharp right turn is caused by the right elevon being higher than the left. Correct this by grasping the elevons and twisting them GENTLY until the elevons are straight and even. If the tight turn persists, twist the assembly even farther. Also check to be sure the vertical fin is straight. A gentle right or left turn is desired in order to keep the

Orbiter within the recovery area. Following each final flight, pull the elevon string loose from the nozzle to relax the elastic thread.







#### LAUNCH SUPPLIES

To launch your rocket you will need the following items:

- --An Estes model rocket launching system
- -Estes Parachute Recovery Wadding (No. 2274)
- -Recommended Estes Engines: C5-3, C6-3 Use only Estes products to launch this rocket.

while participating in any model rocketry activities.

\*National Association of Rocketry-The Hobby Industry of America

### COUNTDOWN AND LAUNCH

- REMOVE SAFETY KEY to disarm the launch controller.
- Remove safety cap and slide launch lugs over launch rod to place rocket on launch pad. Make sure the rocket slides freely on the launch rod.
- Attach micro-clips to the igniter wires. Arrange the clips so they do not touch each other or the metal blast deflector. Attach clips as close to protective tape on igniter as possible.
- Move back from your rocket as far as launch wire will permit (at least 15 feet).
- (6) INSERT SAFETY KEY to arm the launch controller.

Give audible countdown 5...4...3...2...1

LAUNCH!!! PUSH AND HOLD LAUNCH **BUTTON UNTIL ENGINE IGNITES** Remove safety key-Replace cap on launch rod.

### **MISFIRES**

Failure of the model rocket engine to ignite is nearly always caused by incorrect igniter installation. An Estes igniter will function properly even if the coated tip is chipped. However, if the coated tip is not in direct contact with the engine propellant, it will only heat and not ignite the engine.

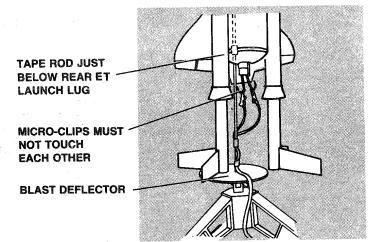
# FLYING YOUR ROCKET

Choose a large field away from power lines, tall trees, and low flying aircraft. Try to find a field at least 250 feet square. The larger the launch area, the better your chance of recovering your rocket. Football fields and playgrounds are great.

Launch area must be free of dry weeds and brown grass.

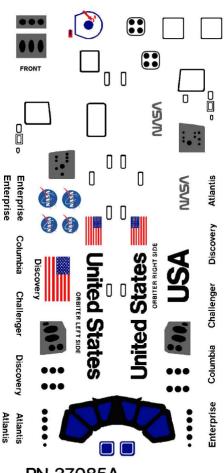
Always follow the NAR-HIA\* MODEL ROCKETRY SAFETY CODE Launch only during calm weather with little or no wind and good visibility.

> Don't leave parachute packed more than a minute or so before launch during cold weather [colder than 40° Fahrenheit (40° Celsius)]. Parachute may be dusted with talcum powder to avoid sticking.

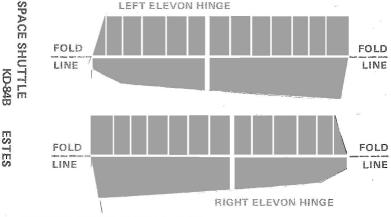


When an ignition failure occurs, remove the safety key from the launch control system and wait one minute before approaching the rocket. Remove the expended igniter from the engine and install a new one. Be certain the coated tip is in direct contact with the engine propellant, then tape the igniter leads firmly to base of engine as illustrated above. Repeat the countdown and launch procedure.

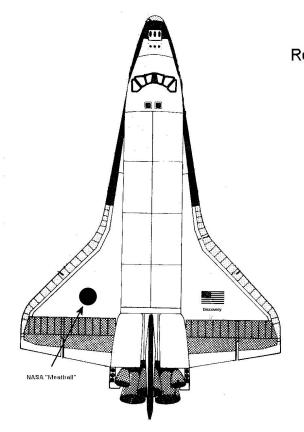
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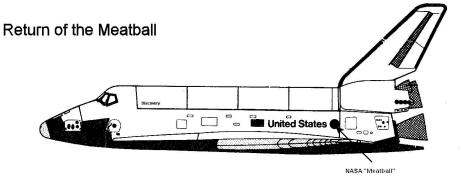


PN 37085A ESTES INDUSTRIES



- 1. PRE-FOLD HINGES ON FOLD LINES.
- 2. CUT OUT HINGES ALONG EDGES LINES.
- 3. REMOVE BACKING PAPER AND ATTACH TO ORBITER AS INSTRUCTED.





During "Return to Flight" operations in 2005, the Discovery was repainted with the original NASA "meatball" which replaced the stylized NASA logo.

The meatball has been added to the decal sheet.

